

# Bio-Engineered Signal Peptides & Copper Tripeptide-1 (GHK-Cu) (Engineering Review 2009)

Por Cristiano Ricardo · Publicado em 21/12/2009

Technical dermocosmetic engineering lecture by Prof. Cristiano Ricardo on bio-engineered signal peptides & copper tripeptide-1 (ghk-cu) (Biotechnology & Peptide Chemistry), featuring colorful schematic diagrams and clinical data.

Versão online e eventuais atualizações:

<https://professor.cristianoricardo.com/post/bio-engineered-signal-peptides-copper-tripeptide-1-ghk-cu-2009-12-21>

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Biotechnology & Peptide Chemistry · Cosmetic Engineering & Science

Synthetic amino acid sequences designed as specific ligands for cellular surface receptors in dermal fibroblasts.

## Engineering Mechanism & Kinetic Flowchart

GHK-Cu (Copper Tripeptide)

? Gly-His-Lys chelating  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$

? Upregulates Decorin & Collagen

Potent Stem Cell & Wound Repair

Argireline (Acetyl Hexapeptide-8)

? SNAP-25 Neuro-Mimetic

? Inhibits SNARE Complex

Attenuates Mimic Wrinkle Depth

## Matrixyl Signal Peptides (Palmitoyl Pentapeptide-4)

Matrixyl replicates natural breakdown fragments of procollagen. When fibroblasts encounter these fragments in the extracellular matrix, negative feedback signaling triggers de novo synthesis of collagen types I, III, and hyaluronic acid.

## Copper Peptide GHK-Cu in Tissue Remodeling

A high-affinity tripeptide complex with  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  that modulates over 4,000 human genes, downregulating pro-inflammatory cytokines (TNF-alpha) while upregulating anti-fibrotic decorin and matrix remodeling enzymes.

## SNARE Complex Modulation with Argireline

A synthetic hexapeptide mimicking the N-terminal end of SNAP-25 that competes for incorporation into the SNARE complex, decreasing acetylcholine vesicle release at the neuromuscular junction to smooth expression lines.

Prof. Cristiano Ricardo

Pharmacist-Biochemist · Specialist in Cosmetic Engineering & Dermato-Pharmacology ·  
Published on December 21, 2009 at 18:32